(ग) इस प्रकार की खराबियां बार बार नहीं होती है। इस वर्ष सितम्बर में खाड़ी क्षेत्र से भारतीय नागरिकों को लाने के लिये खाड़ी क्षेत्र में जब इसे लगाया गया था । ए–320 विमान ने बाहरी और अन्तर्देशीय क्षेत्रों पर अभी तक 1100 से अधिक उड़ानें भरी हैं और 1.10 लाख से अधिक यात्रियों को लाया है । विमान परिचालन में कोई प्रमुख खराबी या समस्या महसूस नहीं की गई है।

(घ) निर्धारित प्रक्रिया के अनुसार उड़ान भरने से पहले प्रत्येक विमान की पूरी तरह से जांच की जाती है। इसके अलावा ए 320 विमान के बारे में न्यूनतम उपकरण सूची के अन्तर्गत जिन कमियों को आगे बढ़ाया जाता है उसे भी कड़ा कर दिया गया है और इस अपेक्षित अवधि को भी 72 घंटे से घटाकर 48 घंटे कर दिया गया है । बेस स्टेशनों से केवल खराबी रहित विमानों को ही परिचालन की अनुमति दी जाती है। किसी भी विमान के परिचालन की सुरक्षा के साथ कोई समझौता नहीं किया जाता है।

Review of the prices of Petroleum prices

450. CHOWDHARY HARI SINGH:
SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL:
KUMARI CHANDRIKA PREMJI KENIA:
SHRI BAL RAM SINGH YADAVA:
DR. JINENDRA KUMAR JAIN:
DR. ABRAR AHMED:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to review the increase in petroleum prices;

(b) whether the prices of petroleum products in the International market have now gone down;

(c) if so, what is Government's reaction in this regard;

(d) whether Government propose to remove the 'Gulf Charges' imposed on petroleum products; and

(e) if so, by when and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND - PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA) (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (e) Though the price of Crude oil in the International market has come down from US £35 to 40| barrel immediately after the Gulf Crisis to around US £23|barrel at present, they are still very high as compared to the prices before the Gulf Crisis when they were around US£ 15-16|bbl. Further, the position is still very volatile and uncertain and it is not possible to assess the likely price trends even in near future. There is therefore, no proposal at present to withdraw the Gulf Surcharge imposed on petroleum products.

Neglecting Central Government's instruction to promote technicians and junior engineers by U.P. State Electricity Board

451. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government have issued repeated instructions to the Uttar Pradesh Government during the last seven years for increasing the power generation output, for better deals to technicians engaged in different power plants and for their promotions to Junior Engineers including those who have been awaiting such promotion since 1977 parts in Panki Thermal Power Station;

(b) whether the Uttar Pradesh State Electricity Board has been neglecting to adhere to such instructions of the Central Government; and

(c) what steps are being contemplated to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI BABANRAO DHAKANE): (a) to (c) The State Electricity Boards are autonomous bodies created by the State Governments under the provisions of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 and the Central Government does not have any direct administrative control over their operations. The Central Government has been emphasising to the State Governments that they should have adequately trained technical manpower in the State Electricity Boards for meeting their needs and should provide them with the requisite incentives to motivate them towards higher efficiency in power production and supply. It has, however, not issued any directive to the State Electricity Boards in regard to the improved service conditions for the technicians.

Performance of the department of prevention of food adulteration, Delhi Administration

452. SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHANKER DAVE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Department of Prevention of Food Adulteration, Delhi Administration, Delhi has completely failed to unearth the sale of adulterated/substandard food items in the Capital;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to direct the said Delhi Administration to deal with the adulterators strictly; and

(c) the details of performance of the Department of Prevention of Food Adulteration, Delhi Administration, Delhi during the last six months?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. SHAKEELUR REHMAN): (a) to (c) As per the information made available by Delhi Administration, Department of PFA, Delhi has been taking a number of measures for ensuring quality food to the consumers in the capital during the last six months. Such measures includes:

1. Lifting of samples of various food articles.
2. Inspection-cum-education programme to import education to vendors to maintain hygienic conditions/cleanliness during monsoon season specially in slumps/J.J. cononies.

Complaints against Kelkar Committee Members

453. SHRIMATI RATAN KUMARI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that allegations of corruption and favours from the producers were received against Kelkar Committee members and former Development Commissioner (PI) who personally processed the recommendations of the Committee;

(b) what are the details of these allegations and what action has been taken;

(c) whether it is also a fact that complaints regarding misuse by certain officers in the Office of the Development Commissioner (PI) of their position have been received; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and action taken on each complaint?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA): (a) to (d) The information is being compiled and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Export oriented proposals in respect of pesticides and weedicides

454. SHRIMATI RATAN KUMARI: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what are the export oriented proposals in respect of pesticides, Insecticides and Weedicides which have been recommended by his Ministry during the last three years including the current year;

(b) what are the names of companies involved in respect of each product and what was the value added and how was it calculated;

(c) whether it is a fact that certain instances of wrong calculation of value